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	Safety data sheet	
SECTION 1. Identification of the s	substance/mixture and of the company.	/undertaking
1.1. Product identifier Product name	SAHARA	
ALKALINE-BASI ACTION	or mixture and uses advised against ILY FOR INDUSTRIAL / PROFESSIONAL USING ED DETERGENT FOR HARD SURFACES AND FLOOR COLABEL DETERGENT	S DEEP CLEANING WITH DEGREASING
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data s	heet	
Name Full address District and Country	AR-CO CHIMICA S.R.L. Via Canalazzo 22/24 41036 MEDOLLA (MO) ITALY	
	Tel. +39 053558890 Fax +39 053558898	
e-mail address of the competent person		
responsible for the Safety Data Sheet Product distribution by	reach@arcochimica.it AR-CO CHIMICA	
1.4. Emergency telephone number For urgent inquiries refer to	Numeri telefonici dei principali Centri Antiveler Antiveleni di Milano 02 66101029 (CAV Ospeda (H24)Centro Antiveleni di Pavia 0382 24444 (CA Pavia)Centro Antiveleni di Bergamo 800 883300 Bergamo)Centro Antiveleni di Firenze 055 7947 Firenze)Centro Antiveleni di Roma 06 3054343 Antiveleni di Roma 06 49978000 (CAV Policlinio Napoli 081 7472870 (CAV Ospedale Cardarelli - ORE UFFICIO / OFFICE HOURS 08:00-12:30 / 14	le Niguarda Ca` Granda -Milano) AV IRCCS Fondazione Maugeri - 0 (CAV Ospedali Riuniti - 7819 (CAV Ospedale Careggi - (CAV Policlinico Gemelli - Roma)Centro co Umberto I - Roma)Centro Antiveleni di • Napoli)AR-CO CHIMICA+39 053558890 (
SECTION 2. Hazards identificatio	n.	
2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture	Э.	
supplements). The product thus requires a safety of	to the provisions set forth in EC Regulation 1272/200 latasheet that complies with the provisions of EC Regulat health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and	tion 1907/2006 and subsequent amendments.
2.1.1. Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and following	ng amendments and adjustments.	
Hazard classification and indication: Skin Corr. 1A	H314	
2.1.2. 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC Directives a Danger Symbols:	nd following amendments and adjustments.	
R phrases: 35		

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The full wording of the Risk (R) and hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

2.2. Label elements.

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Signal words:	Danger
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
P264 P280 P304+P340 P310	Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor / physician.
Contains:	POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE CAPRYLYL CAPRYL GLUCOSIDE
	ALCOHOL ETHOXYLATED C12/15 >6-9EO
2.3. Other hazards.	

Information not available.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients.

3.1. Substances.

Information not relevant.

3.2. Mixtures.

Contains:

Identification. DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER	Conc. %.	Classification 67/548/EEC.	Classification 1272/2008 (CLP).
CAS. 34590-94-8	9 - 30		Substance with a community workplace exposure limit.
EC. 252-104-2			
INDEX			
Reg. no. 01 2119450011-60			
2-BUTOXYETHANOL			
CAS. 111-76-2	5 - 9	Xn R20/21/22, Xi R36/38	Acute Tox. 4 H302, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315
EC. 203-905-0			411352, Eye init. 211313, Okin init. 211313
INDEX. 603-014-00-0			
Reg. no. 01-2119475108-36			

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ALCOHOL ETHOXYLATED C12/15 >6-9EO			
CAS. 69011-36-5 EC. 500-241-6	5 - 9	Xn R22, Xi R41	Acute Tox. 4 H302, Eye Dam. 1 H318
INDEX			
Reg. no. 02-2119552461-55-0000			
POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE			
CAS. 1310-58-3 EC. 215-181-3	5 - 9	C R35, Xn R22	Acute Tox. 4 H302, Skin Corr. 1A H314
INDEX. 019-002-00-8			
Reg. no. 01-2119487136-33-0000			
CAPRYLYL CAPRYL GLUCOSIDE			
CAS. 68515-73-1 EC. 500-220-1	1 - 5	Xi R41	Eye Dam. 1 H318
INDEX			
Reg. no. 01-2119488530-36			
PROPAN-2-OL			
CAS. 67-63-0	1 - 5	R67, F R11, Xi R36	Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, STOT SE 3 H336
EC. 200-661-7			
INDEX. 603-117-00-0			
Reg. no. 01-2119457558-25			
POTASSIUM COCOATE			
CAS. 61789-30-8 EC. 263-049-9	1 - 5	Xi R36/38	Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315
INDEX			

Note: Upper limit is not included into the range.

The full wording of the Risk (R) and hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet. T+ = Very Toxic(T+), T = Toxic(T), Xn = Harmful(Xn), C = Corrosive(C), Xi = Irritant(Xi), O = Oxidizing(O), E = Explosive(E), F+ = ExtremelyFlammable(F+), F = Highly Flammable(F), N = Dangerous for the Environment(N)

SECTION 4. First aid measures.

4.1. Description of first aid measures.

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 30-60 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention.

INGESTION: Have the subject drink as much water as possible. Get medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor.

INHALATION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Take suitable precautions for rescue workers.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

For symptoms and effects caused by the contained substances, see chap. 11.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

Information not available.

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SECTION 5. Firefighting measures.

5.1. Extinguishing media.

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture.

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations. SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures.

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

6.2. Environmental precautions.

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Check incompatibility for container material in section 7. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections.

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage.

7.1. Precautions for safe handling.

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Vapours may catch fire and an explosion may occur; vapour accumulation is therefore to be avoided by leaving windows and doors open and ensuring good cross ventilation. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. When

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performing transfer operations involving large containers, connect to an earthing system and wear antistatic footwear. Vigorous stirring and flow through the tubes and equipment may cause the formation and accumulation of electrostatic charges. In order to avoid the risk of fires and explosions, never use compressed air when handling. Open containers with caution as they may be pressurised. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Store in a well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s).

Information not available.

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection.

8.1. Control parameters.

Regulatory References:

United Kingdom	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits. Containing the list of workplace exposure
	limits for use with the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (as
	amended).
Éire	Code of Practice Chemical Agent Regulations 2011.
OEL EU	Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive
	2000/39/EC.
TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2012

DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER

Threshold Limit Value. Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
TLV-ACGIH		606	100	909 (C)	150 (C)	
OEL	IRL	308	50			SKIN
OEL	EU	308	50			SKIN
WEL	UK	308	50			SKIN

2-BUTOXYETHANOL						
Threshold Limit Value.						
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
TLV-ACGIH		97	20			
OEL	IRL	98	20	246	50	SKIN
OEL	EU	98	20	246	50	SKIN
WEL	UK	123	25	246	50	SKIN

Ρ	0	Т	A	S	S	I	U	N	Ι	Н	ľ	ſ	D	R	0)	X	D	E	

Threshold Limit Value. Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm
WEL	UK			2	
OEL	IRL			2	

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TLV-ACGIH				2 (C)		
PROPAN-2-OL Threshold Limit Value. Type	Country	TWA/8h mg/m3	ppm	STEL/15min mg/m3	ppm	
WEL	UK	999	400	1250	500	

983

400

400

SKIN

TLV-ACGIH

OFI

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

492

200

200

8.2. Exposure controls.

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protection equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration. Personal protection equipment must comply with the rules in force indicated below.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III (ref. Directive 89/686/EEC and standard EN 374) work gloves, such as those in PVA, butyl, fluoroelastomer or equivalent. The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: degradation, breakage times and permeation. Work glove resistance to preparations should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. Gloves` limit depends on the duration of exposure.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear hood visor or protective visor together with airtight goggles (ref. standard EN 166).

IRI

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category III professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (ref. Directive 89/686/CEE and standard EN 344). Wash body with soap and water after removing overalls.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (if available) for one or more of the substances present in the preparation for daily exposure in the workplace or to a fraction established by the company's prevention and protection service is exceeded, wear a mask with an A or universal filter, the class (1, 2 or 3) of which must be chosen according to the limit concentration of use (ref. standard EN 14387).

The use of respiratory tract protection equipment, such as masks like that indicated above, is necessary to reduce worker exposure in the absence of technical measures. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance in question is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the relative exposure limit and in the event of an emergency, or when exposure levels are unknown or the concentration of oxygen in the workplace is less than 17% volume, wear self-contained, open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (ref. standard EN 137) or fresh air hose breathing apparatus for use with full face mask, half mask or mouthpiece (ref. standard EN 138).

An emergency eye washing and shower system must be provided.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS.

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties.

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties.

Appearance		
Colour		
Odour		

liquid yellow CITRUS

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9.2. Other information.

Information not available.

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity.

10.1. Reactivity.

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER: may react with oxidising agents. When heated to decomposition it releases harsh and irritating fumes and vapours.

2-BUTOXYETHANOL: decomposes in the presence of heat.

10.2. Chemical stability.

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions.

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE: attacks aluminium, tin, lead and zinc. Reacts violently with acids. 2-BUTOXYETHANOL: can react dangerously with: aluminium, oxidising agents. Forms peroxide with air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid.

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE: naked flames and heat. 2-BUTOXYETHANOL: avoid exposure to sources of heat and naked flames.

10.5. Incompatible materials.

POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE: Acids, metals, some plastics and rubber, water, halogenated hydrocarbons and maleic anhydride.

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10.6. Hazardous decomposition products.

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE: When boiled, it develops phosphine. Above decomposition temperature toxic potassium oxide fumes may develop. 2-BUTOXYETHANOL: hydrogen.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification. It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

This product is corrosive and causes serious burns and vesicles on the skin, which can arise even after exposure. Burns are very stinging and painful. Upon contact with eyes, it may cause serious harm, such as cornea opacity, iris lesions, irreversible eye coloration. Possible vapours are caustic for the respiratory system and may cause pulmonary edema, whose symptoms sometimes arise only after some hours.

Exposure symptoms may include: sting, cough, asthma, laryngitis, respiratory disorders, headache, nausea and sickness.

If swallowed, it may cause mouth, throat and oesophagus burns, sickness, diarrhoea, edema, larynx swelling and, consequently, asphyxia. Perforation of the gastro-intestinal tract is also possible.

POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE LD50 (Oral). 333 mg/kg Rat

2-BUTOXYETHANOL LD50 (Oral). 615 mg/kg Rat LD50 (Dermal). 405 mg/kg Rabbit LC50 (Inhalation). 2,2 mg/l/4h Rat

PROPAN-2-OL LD50 (Oral). 4710 mg/kg Rat LD50 (Dermal). 12800 mg/kg Rat LC50 (Inhalation). 72,6 mg/l/4h Rat

SECTION 12. Ecological information.

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or sewers or contaminate soil or vegetation.

12.1. Toxicity.

Information not available.

12.2. Persistence and degradability.

Information not available.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential.

Information not available.

12.4. Mobility in soil.

Information not available.

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12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.	

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%. **12.6. Other adverse effects.**

Information not available.

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations.

13.1. Waste treatment methods.

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Avoid littering. Do not contaminate soil, sewers and waterways.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information.

These goods must be transported by vehicles authorized to the carriage of dangerous goods according to the provisions set out in the current edition of the Code of International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) and in all the applicable national regulations. These goods must be packed in their original packagings or in packagings made of materials resistant to their content and not reacting dangerously with it. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all the risks deriving from these substances and on all actions that must be taken in case of emergency situations.

Road and	d rail transport:			
	ADR/RID Class:	8	UN:	3266
~	Packing Group:	II		
	Label:	8		
	Proper Shipping Name:	CORROSIVE LIQUID,	, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	
Carriage	by sea (shipping):	0		2000
	IMO Class:	8	UN:	3266
~	Packing Group:	II		
	Label:	8		
	Marine Pollutant.	NO		
	Proper Shipping Name:	CORROSIVE LIQUID,	, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	
Transpor				
	IATA:	8	UN:	3266
	Packing Group:	II		
	Label:	8		
	Proper Shipping Name:	CORROSIVE LIQUID,	, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	

SECTION 15. Regulatory information.

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15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture.				
Seveso category. None.				
Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006.				
Product. Point. 3				
Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH).				
None.				
Substances subject to authorisarion (Annex XIV REACH).				
None.				
Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:				
None.				
Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:				
None.				
Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:				
None.				
Healthcare controls.				
Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.				
Ingredients according to Regulation (EC) No 648/2004				
less than 5 % soap				
5 % or over but less than 15 % non-ionic surfactants				
perfumes				
15.2. Chemical safety assessment.				
No chemical safety assessment has been processed for the mixture and the substances it contains.	o chemical safety assessment has been processed for the mixture and the substances it contains.			
SECTION 16. Other information.				
Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:				

Flam. Liq. 2 Flammable liquid, category 2

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Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity, category 4	
Skin Corr. 1A	Skin corrosion, category 1A	
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage, category 1	
Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation, category 2	
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, category 2	
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3	
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.	
H302	Harmful if swallowed.	
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.	
H332	Harmful if inhaled.	
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.	
H318	Causes serious eye damage.	
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.	
H315	Causes skin irritation.	
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	

Text of risk (R) phrases mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

R11	HIGHLY FLAMMABLE.
R20/21/22	HARMFUL BY INHALATION, IN CONTACT WITH SKIN AND IF SWALLOWED.
R22	HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED.
R35	CAUSES SEVERE BURNS.
R36	IRRITATING TO EYES.
R36/38	IRRITATING TO EYES AND SKIN.
R41	RISK OF SERIOUS DAMAGE TO EYES.
R67	VAPOURS MAY CAUSE DROWSINESS AND DIZZINESS.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- **OEL: Occupational Exposure Level**
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds

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- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Directive 1999/45/EC and following amendments
- 2. Directive 67/548/EEC and following amendments and adjustments
- 3. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 4. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EC) 453/2010 of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EC) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EC) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- 10. Handling Chemical Safety
- 11. Niosh Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
- 12. INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- 13. Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- 14. N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- 15. ECHA website

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.