		Revision nr. 1
AR-CO CH	Dated 2/10/2014	
00/	CRES	Printed on 11/09/2014
	DGRES	Page n. 1/11
	Cafaty data aboat	
	Safety data sheet	
SECTION 1. Identification of the subs	stance/mixture and of the company/un	dertaking
1.1. Product identifier		
Product name	PROGRES	
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or m Intended use DETERGENT ONLY F	ixture and uses advised against OR INDUSTRIAL / PROFESSIONAL USING	
	GENT FOR GLAZED MICRO POROUS GRES FLOOR	TILES
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet		
Name Full address	AR-CO CHIMICA S.R.L. Via Canalazzo 22/24	
District and Country	41036 MEDOLLA (MO) ITALY	
	Tel. +39 053558890	
	Fax +39 053558898	
e-mail address of the competent person		
responsible for the Safety Data Sheet Product distribution by	reach@arcochimica.it AR-CO CHIMICA	
Froduct distribution by		
1.4. Emergeney telephone number		
1.4. Emergency telephone number For urgent inquiries refer to	Numeri telefonici dei principali Centri Antiveleni ita	
	Antiveleni di Milano 02 66101029 (CAV Ospedale Ni (H24)Centro Antiveleni di Pavia 0382 24444 (CAV IR	guarda Ca` Granda -Milano)
	Pavia)Centro Antiveleni di Pavia 0362 24444 (CAV IR Pavia)Centro Antiveleni di Bergamo 800 883300 (CA	
	Bergamo)Centro Antiveleni di Firenze 055 7947819 Firenze)Centro Antiveleni di Roma 06 3054343 (CAV	
	Antiveleni di Roma 06 49978000 (CAV Policlinico Un	mberto I - Roma)Centro Antiveleni di
	Napoli 081 7472870 (CAV Ospedale Cardarelli - Nap ORE UFFICIO / OFFICE HOURS 08:00-12:30 / 14:00-	
SECTION 2. Hazards identification.		
2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture.		
The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to th	e provisions set forth in EC Regulation 1272/2008 (C	CLP) (and subsequent amendments and
supplements). The product thus requires a safety datash Any additional information concerning the risks for health	eet that complies with the provisions of EC Regulation 1	907/2006 and subsequent amendments.
2.1.1. Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and following an	nendments and adjustments.	
Hazard classification and indication:		
Skin Corr. 1A	H314 H318	
Eye Dam. 1	H318	
2.1.2. 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC Directives and fo Danger Symbols:	llowing amendments and adjustments.	
C R phrases:		

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The full wording of the Risk (R) and hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

2.2. Label elements.

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Signal words: Dager H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. P280 Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection. P304 "BitNALED: Remove vicinit to fees an and keep at rest in a position cominative for breathing. P304 "BitNALED: Remove vicinit to fees an and keep at rest in a position cominative for breathing. P304 "BitNALED: Remove vicinit to fees an and keep at rest in a position cominative for breathing. P304 "DitNALED: Remove vicinit to fees an and keep at rest in a position cominative for breathing. Contains: POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE Statistances. Interview vicinit to fees an and keep at rest in a position for at vice vicinit to fees an an advector vicinitative vic	A B				
P280 P304-P340 Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection. / face protection. If INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor / physician. Contains: POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE 2.3. Other hazards. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor / physician. SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients. 3.1. Substances. formation not relevant. 3.2. Mixtures. ontains: Conc. %. Classification 67/548/EEC. Classification 1272/2008 (CLP). CAS. 1910-68-3 6-9 C Ris, Xn R22 Met. Corr. 1 H200, Acute Tox. 4 H302, Skin Corr. 1 H301 DIDEX of 19-002-00-68 Seg. no. 01-2119487136-33-0000 Sec. 1 Substances. DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER 5 - 9 Substance with a community workplace exposure item. CAS. 190-082-01-60 Solution 6 (12119450011-60) Solution 6 (12119450011-60) CAS. 69011-36-5 1-3 XIR41 Eye Dam. 1 H318	Signal words:	Danger			
P300 IF INHALED: Remove vicitm to tresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor / physician. Contains: POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE 3.0 ther hazards. Section 1 Section 1 Section 1 Section 1 Status Section 1 Section 1 Section 1 Section 1 Section 1 3.1 Substances. Section 1 Secti	H314	Causes severe skin bu	rns and eye damage	e.	
2.3. Other hazards. tormation not available. SECTION 3. Composition/informatio on ingredients: 3.1. Substances. iformation not relevant. 3.2. Mixtures. ontains: Identification Proposition / Monometry Experiments of the second of the	P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove v	victim to fresh air an	nd keep at rest in a position comforta	able for breathing.
More available. SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients. SILSUSSIANCES. SILSUSSIANCES. Advances. SILSUSSIANCES. SILSUSSIANCES. SILSUSSIANCES. SILSUSSIANCES. Conc. %. Classification 67/548/EEC. Classification 1272/2008 (CLP). Conc. %. Classification 67/548/EEC. Classification 1272/2008 (CLP). Conc. %. Classification 67/548/EEC. Classification 1272/2008 (CLP). Conc. %. Classification 1272/2008 (CLP). CAS. 1310-68-3 Solution 00. DIPOPYLENE CLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHERE Substance with a community workplace exposure imm. Cas. 34590-94-8 Solutance with a community workplace exposure imm. Solutance with a community workplace exposure imm. Cas. 34590-94-8 Solutance with a community workplace exposure imm. Solutance with a community workplace exposure imm. Solutance with a community workplace exposure imm.	Contains:	POTASSIUM HYDROX	IDE		
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3.1. Substances. formation not relevant. 3.2. Mixtures. ontains: Identification. POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE CAS. 1310-58-3 5 - 9 C. 215-181-3 INDEX. 019-002-00-8 Reg. no. 10-12119487136-33-0000 DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER CAS. 34590-94-8 S. 25 - 9 Substance with a community workplace exposure limit. INDEX Reg. no. 01 2119450011-60 FATTY ALCOHOL ETHOXYLATED CAS. 69011-36-5 1 - 3 XI R41 Eye Dam: 1 H318	formation not available.				
formation not relevant. 3.2. Mixtures. ontains: Identification. POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE CAS. 1310-58-3 EC. 215-181-3 INDEX. 019-002-00-8 Reg. no. 01-2119487136-33-0000 DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER CAS. 34590-94-8 EC. 252-104-2 INDEX Reg. no. 01 2119450011-60 FATTY ALCOHOL ETHOXYLATED CAS. 69011-36-5 EC	SECTION 3. Cor	nposition/informat	ion on ingred	lients.	
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INDEX. 1010 000 0 IA H314 EC. 215-181-3 IA H314 INDEX. 019-002-00-8 Reg. no. 01-2119487136-33-0000 DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER Substance with a community workplace exposure limit. CAS. 34590-94-8 5 - 9 EC. 252-104-2 Substance with a community workplace exposure limit. INDEX Reg. no. 01 2119450011-60 FATTY ALCOHOL ETHOXYLATED I - 3 CAS. 69011-36-5 1 - 3 EC 1 - 3		(IDE	Conc. %.	Classification 67/548/EEC.	Classification 1272/2008 (CLP).
EC. 215-181-3 INDEX. 019-002-00-8 Reg. no. 01-2119487136-33-0000 DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER CAS. 34590-94-8 5 - 9 Substance with a community workplace exposure Imit. CAS. 34590-94-8 5 - 9 Substance with a community workplace exposure Imit. EC. 252-104-2 INDEX Reg. no. 01 2119450011-60 FATTY ALCOHOL ETHOXYLATED CAS. 69011-36-5 1 - 3 Xi R41 Eye Dam. 1 H318	CAS. 1310-58-3		5 - 9	C R35, Xn R22	
Reg. no. 01-2119487136-33-0000 DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER CAS. 34590-94-8 5 - 9 CAS. 252-104-2 INDEX Reg. no. 01 2119450011-60 FATTY ALCOHOL ETHOXYLATED CAS. 69011-36-5 1 - 3 Xi R41 Eye Dam. 1 H318	EC. 215-181-3				
DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER Substance with a community workplace exposure limit. CAS. 34590-94-8 5 - 9 Substance with a community workplace exposure limit. EC. 252-104-2 INDEX INDEX Reg. no. 01 2119450011-60 Index of the temperature of tem	NDEX. 019-002-00-8				
CAS. 34590-94-8 5 - 9 Substance with a community workplace exposure limit. EC. 252-104-2 INDEX INDEX Reg. no. 01 2119450011-60 Intervention of the second seco	-				
EC. 252-104-2 INDEX Reg. no. 01 2119450011-60 FATTY ALCOHOL ETHOXYLATED CAS. 69011-36-5 1 - 3 Xi R41 Eye Dam. 1 H318 EC		OL MONOMETHYL ETHER			
INDEX Reg. no. 01 2119450011-60 FATTY ALCOHOL ETHOXYLATED CAS. 69011-36-5 1 - 3 ^{Xi R41} Eye Dam. 1 H318 EC			5 - 9		
Reg. no. 01 2119450011-60 FATTY ALCOHOL ETHOXYLATED CAS. 69011-36-5 1 - 3 Xi R41 Eye Dam. 1 H318 EC					
FATTY ALCOHOL ETHOXYLATED CAS. 69011-36-5 1 - 3 Xi R41 Eye Dam. 1 H318 EC EXECUTE: Control of the second seco		14.00			
CAS. 69011-36-5 1 - 3 Xi R41 Eye Dam. 1 H318 EC. -					
	CAS. 69011-36-5		1 - 3	Xi R41	Eye Dam. 1 H318
	LU				

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ALCOHOL ETOXYLATED (C4-C8) 1-5EC)			
CAS. 112-25-4	1 - 5	Xn R22, Xi R36/38	Acute Tox H315	4 H302, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2
EC				
INDEX				
Reg. no. 02-2119549270-44-0000				
ETHYLHEXYL EHTYLHEXANOATE				
CAS. 7425-14-1 EC. 231-057-1	0 - 0,5	Repr. Cat. 3 R63	Repr. 2 H3	361d

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Note: Upper limit is not included into the range.

The full wording of the Risk (R) and hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet. T+ = Very Toxic(T+), T = Toxic(T), Xn = Harmful(Xn), C = Corrosive(C), Xi = Irritant(Xi), O = Oxidizing(O), E = Explosive(E), F+ = ExtremelyFlammable(F+), F = Highly Flammable(F), N = Dangerous for the Environment(N)

SECTION 4. First aid measures.

4.1. Description of first aid measures.

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 30-60 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention.

INGESTION: Have the subject drink as much water as possible. Get medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor.

INHALATION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Take suitable precautions for rescue workers.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

For symptoms and effects caused by the contained substances, see chap. 11.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

Information not available.

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures.

5.1. Extinguishing media.

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture.

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters.

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Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures.

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

6.2. Environmental precautions.

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Check incompatibility for container material in section 7. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections.

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage.

7.1. Precautions for safe handling.

Ensure that there is an adequate earthing system for the equipment and personnel. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Do not breathe powders, vapours or mists. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Wash hands after use. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Store only in the original container. Store in a ventilated and dry place, far away from sources of ignition. Keep containers well sealed. Keep the product in clearly labelled containers. Avoid overheating. Avoid violent blows. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s).

Information not available.

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection.

8.1. Control parameters.

Regulatory References:

United Kingdom EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits. Containing the list of workplace exposure limits for use with the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (as

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Éire OEL EU TLV-ACGIH	OEL EU Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC.					
POTASSIUM HYDRO						
Threshold Limit Valu Type	Ie. Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		
	·	mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
WEL	UK			2		
OEL	IRL			2		
TLV-ACGIH				2 (C)		
DIPROPYLENE GLY		ETHER				
Threshold Limit Valu				STEL/15min		
Туре	Country	TWA/8h				
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
TLV-ACGIH		606	100	909 (C)	150 (C)	
OEL	IRL	308	50			SKIN
OEL	EU	308	50			SKIN
WEL	UK	308	50			SKIN
Legend: (C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.						
(C) = CEILING ; INH/	AL = INNAIADIE Fraction	i; KESP = R	espirable Fract	ion; IHORA = 1	noracic Fraction.	

8.2. Exposure controls.

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability. The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration

and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category III professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Directive 89/686/EEC and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear a hood visor or protective visor combined with airtight goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required. Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

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If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties.

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties.

Appearance Colour Odour Odour Odour threshold. pH. Melting point / freezing point. Initial boiling point. Boiling range. Flash point. Evaporation Rate Flammability of solids and gases Lower inflammability limit. Upper inflammability limit. Upper explosive limit. Upper explosive limit. Upper explosive limit. Vapour pressure. Vapour density Relative density. Solubility Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Auto-ignition temperature. Decomposition temperature.	liquid green BALSAMIC Not available. 13,50 +/- 0,50 Not available. Not available.
Decomposition temperature.	Not available.
Viscosity Explosive properties	Not available. Not available.
Oxidising properties	Not available.

9.2. Other information.

Information not available.

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity.

10.1. Reactivity.

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER: may react with oxidising agents. When heated to decomposition it releases harsh and irritating fumes and vapours.

10.2. Chemical stability.

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions.

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE: attacks aluminium, tin, lead and zinc. Reacts violently with acids.

10.4. Conditions to avoid.

None in particular. However the usual precautions used for chemical products should be respected.

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POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE: naked flames and heat.

10.5. Incompatible materials.

POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE: Acids, metals, some plastics and rubber, water, halogenated hydrocarbons and maleic anhydride.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products.

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE: When boiled, it develops phosphine. Above decomposition temperature toxic potassium oxide fumes may develop.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification. It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

This product is corrosive and causes serious burns and vesicles on the skin, which can arise even after exposure. Burns are very stinging and painful. Upon contact with eyes, it may cause serious harm, such as cornea opacity, iris lesions, irreversible eye coloration. Possible vapours are caustic for the respiratory system and may cause pulmonary edema, whose symptoms sometimes arise only after some hours.

Exposure symptoms may include: sting, cough, asthma, laryngitis, respiratory disorders, headache, nausea and sickness.

If swallowed, it may cause mouth, throat and oesophagus burns, sickness, diarrhoea, edema, larynx swelling and, consequently, asphyxia. Perforation of the gastro-intestinal tract is also possible.

This product may cause serious ocular lesions, cornea opacity, iris lesions, irreversible eye coloration.

Acute effects: stinging eyes. Symptoms may include: rubescence, edema, pain and lachrymation. Vapour inhalation may moderately irritate the upper respiratory trait. Contact with skin may cause slight irritation.

Ingestion may cause health problems, including stomach pain and sting, nausea and sickness.

POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE LD50 (Oral). 333 mg/kg Rat

SECTION 12. Ecological information.

12.1. Toxicity. Information not available.

12.2. Persistence and degradability.

Information not available.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential.

Information not available.

12.4. Mobility in soil.

Information not available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.

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On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%. **12.6. Other adverse effects.**

Information not available.

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations.

13.1. Waste treatment methods.

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Avoid littering. Do not contaminate soil, sewers and waterways.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information.

These goods must be transported by vehicles authorized to the carriage of dangerous goods according to the provisions set out in the current edition of the Code of International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) and in all the applicable national regulations. These goods must be packed in their original packagings or in packagings made of materials resistant to their content and not reacting dangerously with it. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all the risks deriving from these substances and on all actions that must be taken in case of emergency situations.

Road an	d rail transport: ADR/RID Class:	8	UN:	3266
	Packing Group:	II		
	Label:	8		
	Nr. Kemler:	80		
	Proper Shipping Name:	CORROSIVE	LIQUID, BASIC, INORGANIC,	N.O.S.
Carriage	by sea (shipping): IMO Class:	8	UN:	3266
8	Packing Group:	П		
	Label:	8		
	EMS:	F-A, S-B		
	Marine Pollutant.	NO		
Transpo	ort by air: IATA:	8	UN:	3266
	Packing Group:	II		
	Label:	8		

SECTION 15. Regulatory information.

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15.1. Safety, health and er	nvironmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture.
Seveso category.	None.
Restrictions relating to the pro	oduct or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006.
Product. Point.	3
Substances in Candidate List	(Art. 59 REACH).
None.	
Substances subject to authori	sarion (Annex XIV REACH).
None.	
Substances subject to exporta	ation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:
None.	
Substances subject to the Ro	tterdam Convention:
None.	
Substances subject to the Sto	ockholm Convention:
None.	
Healthcare controls.	
Workers exposed to this chen workers' health and safety are	nical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the e modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.
Ingredients according to Regu	ulation (EC) No 648/2004
less than 5 % phospho	nates, amphoteric surfactants, non-ionic surfactants
perfumes	
15.2. Chemical safety asse	essment.
No chemical safety assessme	ent has been processed for the mixture and the substances it contains.
SECTION 16. Other	information.
Text of hazard (H) indications	mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:
Met. Corr. 1	Substance or mixture corrosive to metals, category 1
Repr. 2	Reproductive toxicity, category 2
Acute Tox. 4 /	Acute toxicity, category 4

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Skin Corr. 1A	Skin corrosion, category 1A
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage, category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation, category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, category 2
H290	May be corrosive to metals.
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H315	Causes skin irritation.

Text of risk (R) phrases mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

R22	HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED.
R35	CAUSES SEVERE BURNS.
R36/38	IRRITATING TO EYES AND SKIN.
R41	RISK OF SERIOUS DAMAGE TO EYES.
Repr. Cat. 3	Reproductive toxicity, development, category 3.
R63	POSSIBLE RISK OF HARM TO THE UNBORN CHILD.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road

- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- **OEL: Occupational Exposure Level**
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Directive 1999/45/EC and following amendments
- 2. Directive 67/548/EEC and following amendments and adjustments 3. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament

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- 4. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (FAt). CLP) of the European Parliament
 Regulation (EC) 453/2010 of the European Parliament
 Regulation (EC) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
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- Regulation (ES) 0102012 (in Atp. OEI) of the Eulopean 1
 The Merck Index. 10th Edition
 Handling Chemical Safety
 Niosh Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
- 12. INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- 13. Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- 14. N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- 15. ECHA website Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified: 02 / 05 / 07 / 11 / 12.