AR-CO CI	HIMICA S.R.L.	Revision nr. 1
		Dated 31/12/2014
INFYNI	[I-MISTRAL	Printed on 31/03/2015
		Page n. 1/11
SECTION 4 Identification of the sub-	Safety data sheet	
SECTION 1. Identification of the subs	stance/mixture and of the company/under	такілд
1.1. Product identifier Product name	INFYNITI-MISTRAL	
	nixture and uses advised against OR INDUSTRIAL/PROFESSIONAL USING. IPER DEGREASER DETERGENT WITH VERY HIGH DET/	ACHING POWER.
<b>1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet</b> Name Full address District and Country	AR-CO CHIMICA S.R.L. Via Canalazzo 22/24 41036 MEDOLLA (MO) ITALY Tel. +39 053558890 Fax +39 053558898	
e-mail address of the competent person		
responsible for the Safety Data Sheet Product distribution by	reach@arcochimica.it AR-CO CHIMICA	
<b>1.4. Emergency telephone number</b> For urgent inquiries refer to	Numeri telefonici dei principali Centri Antiveleni italiani Centro Antiveleni di Milano 02 66101029 (CAV Ospedalo (H24) Centro Antiveleni di Pavia 0382 24444 (CAV IRCCS Fon Centro Antiveleni di Bergamo 800 883300 (CAV Ospedal Centro Antiveleni di Firenze 055 7947819 (CAV Ospedal Centro Antiveleni di Firenze 055 7947819 (CAV Ospedal Centro Antiveleni di Roma 06 3054343 (CAV Policlinico Centro Antiveleni di Roma 06 49978000 (CAV Policlinico Centro Antiveleni di Napoli 081 7472870 (CAV Ospedalo AR-CO CHIMICA +39 053558890 ( ORE UFFICIO / OFFICE HOURS 08:00-7	e Niguarda Ca` Granda -Milano) dazione Maugeri - Pavia) Ili Riuniti - Bergamo) le Careggi - Firenze) Gemelli - Roma) o Umberto I - Roma) e Cardarelli - Napoli)

# **SECTION 2.** Hazards identification.

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture.

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of EC Regulation 1907/2006 and subsequent amendments. Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

#### 2.1.1. Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and following amendments and adjustments.

Hazard classification and indication:	
Acute Tox. 4	H302+H312+H332
Skin Corr. 1B	H314
Eye Dam. 1	H318
STOT SE 3	H335

2.1.2. 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC Directives and following amendments and adjustments.

# **INFYNITI-MISTRAL**

Revision nr. 1

Page n. 2/11

Dated 31/12/2014

Printed on 31/03/2015

Danger Symbols:

С R phrases: 20/21/22-35

The full wording of the Risk (R) and hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

#### 2.2. Label elements.

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:





Signal words:

Danger

#### Hazard statements:

H302+H312+H332	Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.

Precautionary statements:

P280	Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.
P301+P312	IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor / physician if you feel unwell.
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
P403+P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Contains:	ETHANOLAMINE Capryleth-9 carboxylic acid / Buteth-2 carboxylic acid 2-BUTOXYETHANOL

#### 2.3. Other hazards.

Information not available.

# **SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients.**

### 3.1. Substances.

Information not relevant.

### 3.2. Mixtures.

Contains:

Identification. 2-BUTOXYETHANOL	Conc. %.	Classification 67/548/EEC.	Classification 1272/2008 (CLP).
CAS. 111-76-2	30 - 50	Xn R20/21/22, Xi R36/38	Acute Tox. 4 H302, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox.

AR-CO CHIMICA S.R.L.	Revision nr. 1
	Dated 31/12/2014
INFYNITI-MISTRAL	Printed on 31/03/2015
	Page n. 3/11

			4 H332, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315
EC. 203-905-0			41002, 290 mill 211010, 0km mill 211010
INDEX. 603-014-00-0			
Reg. no. 01-2119475108-36			
ETHANOLAMINE			
CAS. 141-43-5	9 - 30	C R34, Xn R20/21/22	Acute Tox. 4 H302, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Skin Corr. 1B H314, STOT SE 3 H335
EC. 205-483-3			
INDEX. 603-030-00-8			
Reg. no. 01-2119486455-28-0000			
Capryleth-9 carboxylic acid / Buteth-2 carboxylic acid			
CAS EC. 4516500	3 - 5	Xi R38, Xi R41	Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Irrit. 2 H315
INDEX			
Reg. no. 01-0000019096-68			
SODIUM XILENESULFONATE			
CAS. 1300-72-7 EC. 215-090-9	1 - 5	Xi R36	Eye Irrit. 2 H319
INDEX			
Reg. no. 01-2119513350-56-0003			

Note: Upper limit is not included into the range.

The full wording of the Risk (R) and hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet. T+ = Very Toxic(T+), T = Toxic(T), Xn = Harmful(Xn), C = Corrosive(C), Xi = Irritant(Xi), O = Oxidizing(O), E = Explosive(E), F+ = ExtremelyFlammable(F+), F = Highly Flammable(F), N = Dangerous for the Environment(N)

### **SECTION 4. First aid measures.**

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures.

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 30-60 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention.

INGESTION: Have the subject drink as much water as possible. Get medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor.

INHALATION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Take suitable precautions for rescue workers.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

For symptoms and effects caused by the contained substances, see chap. 11.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

Information not available.

## **SECTION 5. Firefighting measures.**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media.

#### SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray.

Revision nr. 1 Dated 31/12/2014

### INFYNITI-MISTRAL

Printed on 31/03/2015

Page n. 4/11

# UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

None in particular.

## 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture.

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE Do not breathe combustion products.

# 5.3. Advice for firefighters.

## GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

### **SECTION 6.** Accidental release measures.

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.

#### Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions.

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Check incompatibility for container material in section 7. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections.

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

# SECTION 7. Handling and storage.

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling.

Ensure that there is an adequate earthing system for the equipment and personnel. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Do not breathe powders, vapours or mists. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Wash hands after use. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

# 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Store only in the original container. Store in a ventilated and dry place, far away from sources of ignition. Keep containers well sealed. Keep the product in clearly labelled containers. Avoid overheating. Avoid violent blows. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s).

# **INFYNITI-MISTRAL**

Revision nr. 1

Page n. 5/11

Dated 31/12/2014

Printed on 31/03/2015

Information not available.

## SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection.

#### 8.1. Control parameters.

Regulatory References:

United Kingdom	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits. Containing the list of workplace exposure
	limits for use with the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (as
	amended).
Éire	Code of Practice Chemical Agent Regulations 2011.
OEL EU	Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive
	2000/39/EC.
TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2012

### 2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Threshold Limit Value.						
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
OEL	IRL	98	20	246	50	SKIN
WEL	UK	123	25	246	50	SKIN
TLV-ACGIH		97	20			
OEL	EU	98	20	246	50	SKIN

#### **ETHANOLAMINE**

Threshold Limit Value.						
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
TLV-ACGIH		7,5	3	15	6	
OEL	EU	2,5	1	7,6	3	SKIN
OEL	IRL	2,5	1	7,6	3	SKIN
WEL	UK	2,5	1	7,6	3	SKIN

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

#### 8.2. Exposure controls.

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

#### HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

Revision nr. 1

Dated 31/12/2014 Printed on 31/03/2015

# INFYNITI-MISTRAL

Page n. 6/11

### SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Directive 89/686/EEC and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

#### EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

In the presence of risks of exposure to splashes or squirts during work, adequate mouth, nose and eye protection should be used to prevent accidental absorption.

#### RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

# **SECTION 9.** Physical and chemical properties.

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties.

Appearance Colour Odour Odour threshold. pH. Melting point / freezing point. Initial boiling point. Boiling range.	liquid ochre TECHNICAL Not available. 11,80 +/- 0,50 Not available. Not available. Not available.
Flash point. Evaporation Rate Flammability of solids and gases Lower inflammability limit. Upper inflammability limit. Lower explosive limit. Upper explosive limit. Vapour pressure. Vapour density Relative density. Solubility Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. 0,990 +/- 0,025 IN ALL PROPORTIONS Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature. Decomposition temperature. Viscosity Explosive properties Oxidising properties	Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available.

#### 9.2. Other information.

Information not available.

## **SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity.**

#### 10.1. Reactivity.

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

# **INFYNITI-MISTRAL**

Revision nr. 1

Page n. 7/11

Dated 31/12/2014

Printed on 31/03/2015

2-BUTOXYETHANOL: decomposes in the presence of heat.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability.

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions.

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

2-BUTOXYETHANOL: can react dangerously with: aluminium, oxidising agents. Forms peroxide with air. ETHANOLAMINE: can react dangerously with: acrylonitrile, chloroepoxypropane, chlorosulphuric acid, hydrogen chloride, iron-sulphur compounds, acetic acid, acetic anhydride, mesityl oxide, nitric acid, sulphuric acid, strong mineral acids, vinyl acetate, cellulose nitrate.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid.

None in particular. However the usual precautions used for chemical products should be respected.

2-BUTOXYETHANOL: avoid exposure to sources of heat and naked flames. ETHANOLAMINE: avoid exposure to air and sources of heat.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials.

ETHANOLAMINE: iron, strong acids and strong oxidising agents.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products.

2-BUTOXYETHANOL: hydrogen. ETHANOLAMINE: nitrogen oxides, carbon oxides.

# **SECTION 11. Toxicological information.**

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification. It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

Acute effects: inhalation, cutaneous absorption and ingestion of this product are harmful. This product may irritate mucosas, the upper respiratory tract, and eyes. Exposure symptoms may include: stinging and irritated eyes, mouth, nose, throat; cough, respiratory disorders, dizziness, headache, nausea and sickness.

In the most serious cases, inhalation of this product may cause larynx and bronchial tube edema and irritation, chemical pneumonia and pulmonary edema. Upon contact with skin, this product may irritate it, causing an increase in skin temperature, swelling and itchiness. Ingestion of even small amounts of this product may cause serious health problems (stomach pain, nausea, sickness, diarrhoea).

This product is corrosive and causes serious burns and vesicles on the skin, which can arise even after exposure. Burns are very stinging and painful. Upon contact with eyes, it may cause serious harm, such as cornea opacity, iris lesions, irreversible eye coloration. Possible vapours are caustic for the respiratory system and may cause pulmonary edema, whose symptoms sometimes arise only after some hours.

Exposure symptoms may include: sting, cough, asthma, laryngitis, respiratory disorders, headache, nausea and sickness.

If swallowed, it may cause mouth, throat and oesophagus burns, sickness, diarrhoea, edema, larynx swelling and, consequently, asphyxia. Perforation of the gastro-intestinal tract is also possible.

This product may cause serious ocular lesions, cornea opacity, iris lesions, irreversible eye coloration.

Acute effects: stinging eyes. Symptoms may include: rubescence, edema, pain and lachrymation.

Vapour inhalation may moderately irritate the upper respiratory trait. Contact with skin may cause slight irritation.

Ingestion may cause health problems, including stomach pain and sting, nausea and sickness.

Acute effects: vapour inhalation may irritate the lower and upper respiratory tract and cause cough and respiratory disorders. At higher concentrations it can also cause pulmonary edema. Ingestion may cause health problems, including stomach pain and sting, nausea and sickness.

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

AR-CO CHIMICA S.R.L.	Revision nr. 1
	Dated 31/12/2014
INFYNITI-MISTRAL	Printed on 31/03/2015

Page n. 8/11

LD50 (Oral). 615 mg/kg Rat LD50 (Dermal). 405 mg/kg Rabbit LC50 (Inhalation). 2,2 mg/l/4h Rat

### **SECTION 12. Ecological information.**

**12.1. Toxicity.** Information not available.

12.2. Persistence and degradability.

Information not available.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential.

Information not available.

12.4. Mobility in soil.

Information not available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%. **12.6. Other adverse effects.** 

Information not available.

## **SECTION 13.** Disposal considerations.

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods.

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Avoid littering. Do not contaminate soil, sewers and waterways.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

### **SECTION 14. Transport information.**

These goods must be transported by vehicles authorized to the carriage of dangerous goods according to the provisions set out in the current edition of the Code of International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) and in all the applicable national regulations. These goods must be packed in their original packagings or in packagings made of materials resistant to their content and not reacting dangerously with it. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all the risks deriving from these substances and on all actions that must be taken in case of emergency situations.

Road and	d rail transport: ADR/RID Class:	8	UN:	3266
8	Packing Group:	II		

# 

Revision nr. 1 Dated 31/12/2014

Printed on 31/03/2015

	INFYNITI-MISTRAL		Printed on 31/03/2015				
						Page n. 9/11	
	Label:		8				_
	Nr. Kemler:		o 80				
	Proper Shipping Name:			QUID, BASIC, INORGA	NIC, N.O.S.		
Comiono I							
	<b>by sea (shipping):</b> IMO Class:		8	UN:		3266	
V	Packing Group:		II				
	Label:		8				
	EMS:		F-A, S-B				
	Marine Pollutant.		NO				
Transport	<b>by air:</b> IATA:		8	UN:		3266	
8	Packing Group:		II				
	Label:		8				
Seveso ca	ty, health and environmer	None.	Islation specific	for the substance of m	iixture.		
Restrictions	relating to the product or co	ntained substances	pursuant to Anne	x XVII to EC Regulation	1907/2006.		
Product.							
Point.		3					
Substances	in Candidate List (Art. 59 R	EACH).					
None.							
Substances	subject to authorisarion (An	nex XIV REACH).					
None.							
Substances	subject to exportation repor	ting pursuant to (EC	) Reg. 649/2012:				
None.							
Substances	subject to the Rotterdam Co	onvention:					
None.							
Substances	subject to the Stockholm Co	onvention:					
None.							

Healthcare controls.

Revision nr. 1

# INFYNITI-MISTRAL

Dated 31/12/2014 Printed on 31/03/2015

Page n. 10/11

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

Ingredients according to Regulation (EC) No 648/2004

less than 5 % amphoteric surfactants, non-ionic surfactants

perfumes

# **SECTION 16. Other information.**

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity, category 4
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion, category 1B
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage, category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation, category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H302+H312+H332	Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.

Text of risk (R) phrases mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

R20/21/22	HARMFUL BY INHALATION, IN CONTACT WITH SKIN AND IF SWALLOWED.
R34	CAUSES BURNS.
R35	CAUSES SEVERE BURNS.
R36	IRRITATING TO EYES.
R36/38	IRRITATING TO EYES AND SKIN.
R38	IRRITATING TO SKIN.
R41	RISK OF SERIOUS DAMAGE TO EYES.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization - INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- INDEX NUMBER. Identifier in Annex VI of CLF

### Revision nr. 1 Dated 31/12/2014

# INFYNITI-MISTRAL

Printed on 31/03/2015

Page n. 11/11

- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).
GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY
1. Directive 1999/45/EC and following amendments
2. Directive 67/548/EEC and following amendments and adjustments
3. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
4. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
5. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
6. Regulation (EC) 453/2010 of the European Parliament
7. Regulation (EC) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
8. Regulation (EC) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
9. The Merck Index 10th Edition
10. Handling Chemical Safety 11. Nisch – Devictor of Texico Effects of Chemical Substances
11. Niosh - Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances 12. INRS - Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
13. Patty - Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
14. N.I. Sax - Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
15. ECHA website
Note for users:
The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability an
thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.
This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.
The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safet
laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.
Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.
Changes to previous review:
The following exercises were modified:

The following sections were modified: 02 / 07 / 08 / 11 / 12 / 15 / 16.